



Chemical Composition and in Vitro Evaluation of Antioxidant and Antibacterial Activity of *Rosmarinus officinalis* L. Extract

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Abstract: The present study was on extracting and identifying the secondary metabolites in the leaves of *Rosmarinus officinalis* L and evaluating their biological activities. Four compounds were identified in the methanolic extract: which include total polyphenols, anthocyanins, C-glycosides and aglycones. The content of total polyphenols were 12.87 mg EAG g⁻¹ dry matter. The anthocyanins, C-glycosides and aglycones were estimated as 1.13, 0.07 and 0.045 mg g⁻¹ respectively. The antioxidant activity of the compounds contained in the methanolic extract was evaluated in vitro by several tests. In the case of the DPPH assay, IC₅₀ are 0.122, 0.130, 0.350 and 0.370 mg ml⁻¹ for anthocyanins, total polyphenols, C-glycosides and aglycones respectively. For the FRAP test, at a concentration of 1 mg ml⁻¹, the reducing power of iron showed ODs of 2.54, 2.52, 1.98 and 1.62 for total polyphenols, anthocyanins, aglycones and C-glycosides, respectively. The antibiogram shows that anthocyanins and C-glycosides significantly inhibited the growth of two bacterial strains, causing zones of inhibition of 12, 25 and 14.5 mm in diameter for *Escherichia coli* and 10.5 and 13.75 mm for *Staphylococcus aureus*, respectively. The microdilution method in liquid medium conclude that the best minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) for anthocyanins and C-glycosides on *Staphylococcus aureus* is 62.5 mg ml⁻¹ and 11.5 mg ml⁻¹ respectively. MIC of 31.25 mg ml⁻¹ and 45.84 mg/ml was obtained for anthocyanins and c-glycosides against *Escherichia coli*. The study indicate that anthocyanins and total polyphenols show a good antioxidant activity. Anthocyanins and C-glycosides have an inhibitory effect on the growth of *Escherichia coli* and particularly on *Staphylococcus aureus* which is a sensitive bacterium. These results can be considered as very promising and justify further research, among others, on the identification of antioxidant and antimicrobial components in the active extracts

Keywords: Antimicrobial activity, Antioxidant activity, Chemical composition, Methanolic extract, *Rosmarinus officinalis* L.
