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Effect of Lopping on Stand Structure and Tree Species Composition of *Quercus glauca* Thunb. Forests of Himachal Pradesh, India

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Abstract: A study to quantitatively describe the effect of lopping on *Quercus glauca* growth and tree species composition of lower Himalaya revealed density decrease from low to high diameter classes. Lopping, pollarding and selective logging had a significant effect on stand structure and species composition of *Quercus glauca* forests. Basal area and volume showed much in-consistency along diameter classes. Due to lopping, high volume (38.0m³ha⁻¹) of wood loss was recorded at Oachghat forest and the lowest volume (1.8m³ ha⁻¹) of wood loss was recorded at Shili forest.

Key Words: Diameter class, Lopping, Quercus glauca, Species composition, Stand structure