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Karanj Extract as an Antimicrobial Textile Finish for Cotton Fabric

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Abstract: Karanj plant parts used for inhibiting the growth of micro-organisms. It was observed that leaves and seeds extract in viscous state was found more effective as compared to treatments with solution of dry leaves of karanj and seeds powder upto 7th day. Among leaves and seed, leaves extract was more effective and it was found hundred per cent reduction effective after 30 minutes and upto 7th day of inoculation of *Aspergillus* fungus.

Key Words: Antiseptic, Aspergillus, Chloroxylenol, Soxhlet method, Viscous